AP Language

Vocabulary 1 Quiz 8/25

Scheme – Any artful variation from the typical arrangement of words in a sentence.

Parallelism- the use of the same grammatical structure for similar items. (balance)

Antithesis- Parallelism is used to juxtapose words, phrases, or clauses that contrast.

Ex. When runners reach their “zone” they find themselves mentally engaged yet detached.

Antimetabole (anti-muh-TI-boh-lee) – Words are repeated in different grammatical forms.

Ex. When the going gets tough, the tough gets going.

Parenthesis- When the writer uses parenthesis (or dashes) to interrupt the flow of the passage.

Appositive – When two coordinating elements are set side by side and the second explains or modifies the first.

Ex. Mrs. Morgan, my favorite teacher, teaches high school English.

Asyndeton- The omission of conjunctions between related clauses.

Ellipsis- Any omission of words, the meaning of which is provided by the overall context of the passage.

Alliteration- repetition of consonant sounds at the beginning or middle of two or more adjacent words.

Assonance – repetition of vowels sounds in the stressed syllables of two or more adjacent words.

Anaphora- repetition of the same group of words at the beginning of successive clauses.

Epistrophe- repetition of the same groups of words at the end of successive clauses.

Anadiplosis – repetition of the last word of one clause at the beginning of the following clauses.